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THE South-Carolina Gazette.

Containing the freſheſt Advices Foreign and Domeſtick.

From MONDAY *October* 11, to MONDAY *October* 18, 1742.

From the Gentleman's Magazine *for July*, 1742.

A ſhort and comprehenſive View of the State of Europe, *to the End of that Month.*

THE Court of *Ruſſia*, not only refuſes to treat with *Sweden*, by the Mediation of *France*, but told the Marquis *de la Chetardie*, the *French* Ambaſſador, that the Mediation of his Court was neither neceſſary nor proper, nor deſired. Nor can it be wondered that this Anſwer was given him, if what is related is true, that a Conſpiracy had been diſcovered, which had been formed by him againſt the Czarina, for which 100 Perſons have been ſeized. However, *Sweden* appears now more deſirous of Peace than to proſecute War, a favourable Reception has been given to the new Propoſals which ſhe has made. The *Swediſh* Garriſon at *Frederickſham*, after ſetting Fire, having left it in Flames, the *Ruſſian* Huſſars entered the Town on the 19th Inſtant, and extinguiſhed them.

Prince *Charles* of *Lorrain* has his Head Quarters at *Konigſhal*, nor far from *Prague*, and having received his heavy Artillery and a Reinforcement from *Moravia* of 16000 Men, under General *Feſtitutz*, is preparing to attack the *French* Troops, which the Loſs of 6000 in their late precipitate Retreat, has reduced, notwithſtanding their late Supplies, to 15000 Men, who together with the Garriſon, are reduced to great Diſtreſs, having been obliged to kill their Horſes for Food. Marſhal *Broglio* has forbidden the Burghers of *Prague* to go out of the City under Pain of Death, and cauſed Piles of Faggots to be raiſed in the Streets, in orded to ſet Fire to them in Caſe they make the leaſt Reſiſtance. In this Miſerable Condition *Broglio* ſent poſitive Orders to the Duke *d'Harcourt* in *Bavaria*, to march immediately into *Bohemia* with all his Forces. But as ſuch a precipitate March, with Count *Khevenhuller* at his Rear, muſt inevitably ruin the Army; and as he could only join *Broglio* by defeating the *Auſtrians*, he reſolved to continue where he was. Their next Recourſe was to Negotiation, in which Marſhal *Belle-Iſle* offered Felt Marſhal *Konigſegg*, to deliver up *Prague* to the *Auſtrians*, provided the *French* Garriſon were allowed to march out with their Arms, Baggage, and all the Honours of War, and to join the reſt of the Army, which would immediately evacuate *Bohemia*. But *Konigſegg* inſiſted that the Garriſon ſhould ſurrender Priſoners of War. Since Prince *Charles* of *Lorrain* has received his Artillery and Reinforcements, he has abſolutely refuſed any Capitulation either to the Garriſon or to the Army.

It appears now that the *French* Army is left alone to withſtand the Fury of the exaſperated *Auſtrians*. For the King of *Pruſſia* having had a Copy of Marſhal *Broglio's* Diſpatches of the fourth of *May* ſent to him, the Treachery of *France* was viſible enough, but his Majeſty did not think it poſſible. Thoſe Diſpatches inform'd Marſhal *Broglio* of a Reinforcement of 5000 Men ſending him by his Court. They likewiſe contain'd Inſtructions for regulating the Conduct of that General, and of the Uſe he was to make of his Forces. By the 1ſt Inſtruction the Court expreſsly forbids him to mix his Troops with thoſe of his *Pruſſian* Majeſty. The 2d directs him to ſpare his Army as much as he could, and to act always in a different Quarter from the *Pruſſians*. The 3d orders him to always preſerve a Body of 20 or 25000 of the beſt Troops in order to cover and obſerve the *Pruſſian* Army, as well in a Siege, as in a general Action. By the 4th, he is directed to employ his Body in cloſely examining into the Conduct of that Prince, and the Steps and Motions of his Army, for Cauſes and Reaſons of great Importance By the 5th he is order'd to hazard nothing, under Pretence that neither the *French* Reinforcement was yet arrived at the Army, nor the Marſhal de *Belle-Iſle*, who only had Orders from his Moſt Chriſtian Majeſty to command with the King of *Pruſſia*.

His *Pruſſian* Majeſty at that Time gave no Heed to theſe ſalutary Warnings, beleiving them to come from the Enemy's Quarter; and inſtead of withdrawing from his Camp, as he ought

ought to have done, on the Contrary he gave Prince *d'Anhalt* Orders to haſten his March, in order to join him in his Camp of *Czeſlaw*; where Marſhal *Broglio* was, according to his Promiſe, to come with his Army in two Days, but who never came.

The King of *Pruſſia* having four Days after been alone obliged to ſuſtain the Battle of *Czeſlaw*, at which he loſt 13000 effective Men, he diſcover'd, tho' too late, that *France* was deceiving him, and that his Army was certainly to be ſacrificed.

The Inhabitants of the Dutchy of *Cleves* being apprehenſive of the *French*, the King of *Pruſſia* is forming there a Body of 30,000 Men, for their Protection. That Monarch does not omit to cultivate the Commerce of his new Subjects in *Sileſia*, having ſettled two great Fairs, which he ordered to be publiſhed in the *London Gazette* for the Merchants of *Great Britain* to frequent them.

The Preliminary Articles of Peace are ſettled between their *Hungarian* and *Poliſh* Majeſties; whereby the Queen of *Hungary* cedes to the King of *Poland* ſome Diſtricts in *Bohemia*, and the King guaranties to the Queen the reſt of *Bohemia*, and all her other Dominions, promiſes to accede to the Treaty of *Breſlaw*, within a certain Term, and engages to aſſiſt her with 22,000 Men when required. The *Saxon* Troops has retired from *Bohemia* the 28th paſt.

Her *Hungarian* Majeſty in her Letters to her Miniſters at foreign Courts to acquaint them with the Treaty of *Breſlaw*, expreſſes herſelf in this Manner, 'I only conſented to 'this Peace and to the Sacrifice which I made of *Sileſia*, 'for the good of the Empire, and to be in a Condition to 'to drive out its Enemies and mine. I flatter myſelf the 'Empire will acknowledge this Sacrifice in a proper Man-'ner, and aſſiſt me with all its Forces to procure me an Equi-'valent for the Loſs I have ſuſtain'd, and counterballance 'the Prejudice which the Equilibrium might ſuffer from it.

The Emperor has received little Satisfaction from the Diet of the Empire at *Frankfort*. Every Prince and Circle have ſome Grievance to complain of, of which the Redreſs is expected before any Aid is granted to his Majeſty. It is particularly required by them, that their Territories be freed from the *French* Troops, and that the Inhabitants be indemnified from the Damage which they have ſuſtain'd by them.

The *French* have reſolved to raiſe 50000 Militia, of which Part is to aſſiſt the Count *de Glimes*, Commander of the *Spaniſh* Troops in *Provence*, who have received expreſs Orders to penetrate tho' *Piemont* into *Italy*.

The Citadel of *Modena* having ſurrendered, and the Garriſon of 3000 Men made Priſoners on the 14th paſt, will with the City belong henceforth to the King *Sardinia*; and *Mirandola* which ſurrendered the 11th Inſtant, to the Queen of *Hungary*.

The Concluſion in our next.

CHARLES-TOWN, October 18.

On Wedneſday laſt arrived here from *Jamaica*, in Conſequence of the Expreſſes which were ſent by this Government, ſeven Tranſport Ships with a Detachment of between 5 and 600 Men out of General *Wentworth's* Forces, under the Command of Colonel *Dalzell*, and convoyed by the *Shoreham* and *Spy* Men of War. 'Tis ſaid this Detachment which was draughted out of all the Regiments at *Jamaica*, conſiſts of the beſt Men. And the Gentlemen Officers are pleaſed to expreſs great Satisfaction with this Climate, in which they have already perceived a ſenſible Alteration in Favour of their Health.

We hear, that Capt. *Wimble*, who arrived here the 7th Inſtant from *Providence* is come to get a new Maſt, Bolt-ſprit, Boom, Rigging, &c. having received great Damage engaging a *Porto Rico* Privateer of 12 Carriage and 14 Swivel Guns, and 80 Men, on the 19th of *July* laſt, (as ſhe was carrying 2,000,000 of Dollars for the Merchants at Cape *Francois*) Capt. *Wimble* having at that Time but 18 Men and Boys on board, beſides 10 *Spaniſh* Priſoners who roſe in the Engagement; The Particulars of which will be in our next.

On Saturday the *Spy* Man of War ſailed again, to *Cape-Fear*, in order to convoy from thence to this Port a Ship belonging to the Train of Artillery, which parted from Admiral *Vernon's* Fleet, and put in there ſome Time paſt in great Diſtreſs.

The ſame Day the *Hawk* Man of War proceeded on her Cruize, having ſtayed in *Rebellion Road* ever ſince ſhe fell down there, in order to convoy to St. *Simons* a Veſſel which arrived here from *Europe*, with Proviſions, &c. for General *Oglethorpe's* Regiment.

We hear, the *Charles Town* Regiment, and the firſt and ſecond Troops of Horſe Guards will be reviewed by his Honour the Lieutenant Governor, on Saturday the 30th Inſtant, being his Majeſty's Birth Day.

*** My Readers undoubtedly expected ſome Account concerning Capt. *Fennel*, from *La Vera Cruz*, but as I have not yet been able to gather *certain* Particulars, I muſt defer them 'till my next.

Extract of a Letter from Capt Davidſon, *Commander of a Privateer, dated at* New Providence, Sept 8, 1742.

'——I ARRIV'D here laſt Night with a Prize Schoo-'ner loaded with Proviſions, Wine, ſmall Arms, '&c. bound to the *Havannah*, 13 Hands on board, all *Spa-'niſh* except three. Have ſent home a Sloop by *Brooks*, a 'Dutch Man, which engaged me, but finding he muſt be 'taken, he made his Eſcape in the Boat with ſome Negro's. 'His Cargo I have on board the St. *Andrew*, and by the 'Information of the Priſoners, it amounts to 22,000 Pie-'ces of Eight.——I was boarded by five Pettiaugua's 'in the Bay, and had like to have been taken, but killed 'the moſt of their Hands, and the reſt went off——

From a late *Boſton* News Paper. "Our lateſt Advices "from *South Carolina* are, That the *Spaniards* ſcar'd Ge-"neral *O——pe*, and he ſcar'd them;——then they "ſcar'd the Men of War, and the Men of War ſcar'd "them; and then they both——away, the Men of "War to *Carolina*, and the *Spaniards* to *Auguſtine*—— "*O brave* Spaniards, *O brave* E—— *Men!* It cannot be "ſaid of them as the *Poet* maliciouſly tho' wittily ſaid of a "Sea Fight that happen'd many Years ago;

They both did meet, they both did fight, they both did run away;
They both did ſtrive to meet again, the quite contrary Way!

Cuſtom-Houſe CHARLES-TOWN,

Entred Inwards.

Sloop Revenge, Wm Wimble from Providence.
Ship Indian King, Sam. Phillips, and
Brigt. Loyalty, Wm Thornton from Barbados.
Schooner Rebecca, Robt Anderſon from Rhode-Iſland.

Entered Outwards.

None

Clear'd for Departure.

Snow Sarah, Andr. Breading to Boſton.
Sloop Mary, Sam Parſons to Providence.
Brigt. Georgia-Packet, Patrick McClean to Frederica.

Exported from this Place ſince Nov. 1. 1741

Rice 44,047 Barrels,	Tarr 2947 Barrels.
Pitch 14,326 Barrels	Turpentine 1731 Barrels.

Advertiſements.

To be Sold at publick Vendue, on the firſt Wedneſday in *November* next, at the Subſcriber's Plantation, a choice parcel of Plantation Slaves, with ſome Houſhold Goods belonging to the Eſtate of *Richard Perry* deceaſed, among which are ſome good Coopers and Sawyers. Credit will be given for one Year, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale and giving Security if requir'd. No Slaves to be deliver'd before the Bonds are ſign'd by the Purchaſers to *Edward Perry*.

Juſt imported in the *Minerva*, Captain *Cloud*, and *Georgia Packet*, Captain *McClean* from *LONDON*, *ſundry goods fitting for the Seaſon, viz. white, blue, green and red negro cloth, ſtrip'd & blue cuffils, broad cloths & trimmings, German ſerges, a variety of ready made cloaths, tuck'd in bottles, pig-tail & cut tobacco, gilt & hair trunks, mens womens & childrens worſted, thread & ſilk hoſe, ſilk, worſted & cotton caps, womens fine velvet mantoelets, caps & hoods, ſcarlet cloaks & mantoelets, ſcarlet, blue & green damaſks & callimancoes, loaf ſugar, ſpices, currant & raiſins, ſalt petre, mens & womens ſadles, ſadlery ware, bowſing & beſſer caps, &c. Hilliard cloths & balls, a choice aſſortment of ſtaining & other Linnens, iron work, gun powder, bullets & ſhot, with ſundry other Goods to be ſold at their Store in* Broad-ſtreet, *by* Philp & Livie.

THE following Paragraphs of an Act of the Parliament of Great-Britain, entitled, *An Act for punishing Mutiny and Desertion, and for the better Payment of the Army and their Quarters*, are here publish'd, that all Persons whom the same may concern, may take Notice of and pay due Obedience thereto

By Order of his Honour the Lieut. Governor

ALEX GORDON, *Clerk of the Council*

XXXIX And whereas several Soldiers, being duly listed, do afterwards desert, and are often found wandering, or otherwise absenting themselves illegally from His Majesty's Service; it is hereby further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable, Headborough, or Tythingmen of the Town or Place where any Person, who may be reasonably suspected to be such a Deserter, shall be found, to apprehend, or cause him to be apprehended, and to cause such Person to be brought before any Justice of the Peace living in or near such Town or Place, who hath hereby Power to examine such suspected Person; and if by his Confession, or the Testimony of One or more Witness or Witnesses upon Oath, or by the Knowledge of such Justice of the Peace, it shall appear or be found, that such suspected Person is a listed Soldier, and ought to be with the Troop or Company to which he belongs; such Justice of the Peace forthwith shall cause him to be conveyed to the Gaol of the County or Place where he shall be found, and transmit an Account thereof to the Secretary at War for the Time being, to the end such Person may be proceeded against according to Law.

XL. And for the better Encouragement of any Person or Persons to secure or apprehend such Deserters, as aforesaid; be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Justice of the Peace shall also issue his Warrant in Writing to the Collector or Collectors of the Land tax Money of the Parish where such Deserter shall be apprehended, for paying out of the Land tax Money, arisen, or to arise in the Year One thousand seven hundred and thirty nine, to the Hands of such Person who shall apprehend, or cause to be apprehended any Deserter from his Majesty's Service, the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Deserter that shall be so apprehended and committed; which Sum of Twenty Shillings shall be satisfied by such Collector, to whom such Warrant shallbe directed, and allowed upon his Account.

XLI Provided always, That if any Person shall harbour, conceal, or assist any Deserter from His Majesty's Service, knowing him to be such; the Person so offending, shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds; or if any Person shall knowingly buy or exchange, or otherwise receive any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, from any Soldier or Deserter, upon any Account or Pretence whatsoever, or cause the Colour of such Clothes to be changed; the Person to offending shall forfeit, for every such Offence, the Sum of Five Pounds; and upon Conviction by Oath of One or more credible Witness or Witnesses before any of His Majesty's Justice or Justices of the Peace, the said respective Penalties of five Pounds & five Pounds, shall be levied, by Warrant under the Hands of the said Justice or Justices of the Peace, by Distress and Sale of the Goods and Chattels of the Offender; one Moiety of the said first mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer, by whose means such Deserter shall be apprehended, and one Moiety of the said last mentioned Penalty of Five Pounds to be paid to the Informer; and the residue of the said respective Penalties to be paid to the Officer, to whom any such Deserter or Soldier did belong: And in case any such Offender, who shall be convicted, as aforesaid, of harbouring, or assisting any such Deserter or Deserters in *Ireland*, or having there knowingly received any Arms, Clothes, Caps, or other Furniture belonging to the King, or of having caused the Colour of such Clothes to be changed, contrary to the Intent of this Act, shall not have sufficient Goods and Chattels, whereon Distress may be made, to the Value of the Penalties recovered against him for such Offence, or shall not pay such Penalties within Four Days after such Conviction; then, and in such Case, such Justice of the Peace shall and may, by Warrant under his Hand and Seal, either commit such Offender to the common Goal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize for the space of Three Months, or cause such Offender to be publickly whipt, at the Discretion of such Justice.

New-Providence, Sept. 25th, 1742.

WHEREAS on the 3d Day of *August* last, Captain *John Sibbald*, Commander of the Privateer Schooner called the *George*, of *Philadelphia*, being at Sea in the Latitude of about 17 Degrees North and the Longitude of about 56 40 West, to the Windward of *Virgin Gorda Island*, met with and boarded three Vessels, which had been deserted by their Crews.

The first a Sloop of about fifty Tons more or less, *North America* built, having on board some Hogsheads of salt Fish, and some Barrels of Flour, with Sails and Rigging very much worn.

The second a Sloop about forty-five Tons, *North America* built, having on board some Barrels of Flour, and some Casks of salt Fish of different sorts, with old Sails and Rigging.

The third about twenty five Tons, a *French* built Sloop, having on board some *French* Hogsheads of Melasses: Her Boltsprit broke, and Sails and Rigging very much torn.

AND WHEREAS no Papers could be found on board either of the said Sloops, whereby the Property or the Names thereof might be known, or the Place whereunto they belong.

THESE are to give Notice, to all Persons interested or concerned in the said Vessels, and Goods found therein, that the same are now at the *Island* of *New Providence*, under the Care of *John Snow* and *William Moore*, Esqrs.

Imported by *William Wooddrop*, in the *Lawrence*, Capt *Crosthwaite*, and *Marvel*, Capt *Chad* from *LONDON*, *white & strip'd flannel, broad cloth, shalloons, callimancoes, worsted damask, tammies, worsted caps, mens, womens & childrens worsted hose, womens leather callimanco & silk shoes, mens shoes, pumps & boots, Saddlery, millinary & hard ware, bea quilts & blankets, ready made cloaths, of all sort, womens scarlet cloaks & mantuahs, mens, boys & childrens hats, gun powder, bullets & small shot, Scotch plaid, checks & handkerchiefs, pickles & salad oil, rums, bog, gulick & sheeting hollands, 3 4th & 7 8th garlix, tandems, clouting diaper, damask & diaper table cloths, sieffias & pistol Lawns, printed callicoes, chintz, mowes & bastars, India dimittes, toffeties, damasks & programs, rich English damask and several other English silks, single & double refin'd sugar, green & bohea tea, fencers, pier & swing glasses, walking canes, spy glasses, hoops, stays, fans, ribands, ferrets & hollands tape, fine Laces & edgings, pewter & cutlary ware, with many other sorts of goods to be sold at very reasonable rates.*

To be Sold, at publick Vendue in *Charles-Town*, for ready Money, on the 10th of next *November*, by the Subscribers, the Lot in Town where Mr. *Luke Stoutenburgh* was burnt out of, adjoining to Mr *Benjamin Godin's* in *Church street* *Nicholson, Shubrick* & Comp.

To be Sold, a piece of Land scituate on the Bay of *Charlestown*, containing 35 Feet front and 250 deep, with the Bricks and all Appurtenances thereon; also a new wooden Bridge built on the Shoal before it. Any Persons inclining to buy the same may treat with

THOMAS LLOYD.

To be Sold by *John Colcock* & Comp. at their Store in *Tradd street*, rum, muscovado and Loaf sugar, melasses, cocoa, new flour, negro cloth, blue plains, strouds, strip'd duffils, several sorts of hollands and garlix, callicoes, cambricks, Irish & sheeting Linnen, plaidilloes, cotton & Linnen checks, thread, writing paper, cut tobacco, *Scotch* & *Spanish* snuff, ship chandlery & iron ware, and sundry other Goods at reasonable rates.

All Persons who any ways indebted to the Estate of *Richard Parry* deceas'd, are desired to pay their respective Debts to the Subscriber, on or before the last Day of this Month, without further Notice. And those that have any Demands on the said Estate, are desir'd to bring in their Accompts properly attested, that Measures may be taken for the discharging thereof by *James Parry*.